SPOKANE COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT 8

Standard Operating Procedures

40.03.03
LAUNDERING AND CARE OF
PROTECTIVE TURNOUT
CLOTHING



Adopted: 12/20/16 Reviewed: 11/01/18 Revised: 00/00/00

Approved:

Nony Michan

Purpose: To outline the steps involved in laundering and care of firefighter protective turnout clothing.

References: WAC 296-305-02001, NFPA 1851

Procedure:

- 1. The firefighter shall be responsible for ensuring that the protective clothing issued is kept and maintained per this procedure.
- 2. District firefighter protective clothing should only be cleaned and maintained as outlined in this procedure.
- 3. Laundering of firefighter protective turnout clothing.
 - a) All personnel shall receive operating instructions on the District "Turnout" washer-extractor prior to use.
- 4. Steps to laundering protective turnout clothing.
 - a) Remove all items from the turnout pockets (i.e. hose straps, gloves, tools).
 - b) Remove suspenders from turnout pants.
 - c) Separate the liner from the shell.
 - d) The shell may need to be rinsed by using a garden hose prior to being loaded into the washer.
 - i. Heavy debris must be removed (i.e. cellulose insulation, mud).
 - e) Turn the liner and shell inside out and then fasten the closure device on the shell.
 - f) Place the turnout clothing inside the washer.
 - i. ONLY ONE SET PER LOAD.
 - ii. The liners shall be washed separately from the shells.
 - iii. Gloves, hose strap, Nomex hood, and helmet shroud may be included with the shells.
 - g) Close the door and press the start button to initiate the wash cycle.
 - i. Use "WARM WATER" cycle only.
 - h) Remove the turnouts and hang them in the designated are until completely dry.
 - i) Turn washer off after completion.
 - i) DO NOT USE THE STATION'S DOMESTIC DRYER.

SPOKANE COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT 8

Standard Operating Procedures

40.03.03
LAUNDERING AND CARE OF
PROTECTIVE TURNOUT
CLOTHING



Adopted: 12/20/16 Reviewed: 11/01/18 Revised: 00/00/00

Approved:

Nony Michan

5. Helmets.

- a) Helmets should be properly cleaned and maintained to ensure their durability and maximum life expectancy.
- b) The following are guidelines for their proper care and maintenance.
 - i. Remove dirt from the shell. Dirt will absorb heat faster than the shell itself, thus exposing the wearer to more severe conditions.
 - ii. Remove chemicals, oils, and petroleum products from the shell as soon as possible. These agents may soften the shell material and reduce its impact and dielectric protection.
 - be repaired or replaced. A poor fit will reduce the helmet's ability to resist the transmission of force.
 - iv. Check for adequate separation between the suspension web and the outer shell. The proper distance is at least 1-1/4" (32mm) between the firefighter's head and the crown of the shell.
 - v. Inspect suspension systems frequently to detect deterioration
 - vi. Polycarbonate helmets that come in contact with hydraulic oil from a rescue tool should be removed from service and checked. Some oils attack the polycarbonate material and will weaken the helmet.

6. Boots.

- a) Wash oil, grease, chemicals, and debris from boot because they deteriorate the rubber.
- b) Store rubber boots in a cool, dark place. Boots will lose their protective quality due to the deterioration of rubber by the ozone.
- c) Replace worn, cut, or punctured boots that cannot be repaired.